

微分積分 I 小課題第 17 回

裏面にある略解をもとに丸付けをすること。裏面も解答に使ってもよいです。授業の質問も書いてくれれば回答します。名前等、忘れずにていねいに書いてください！

$$\int \odot \Delta' dx = \odot \Delta - \int \odot' \Delta dx$$

2 年 ____ 科 ____ 番 氏名 _____

1. 次の不定積分を計算せよ。

(1) $\int (2x-1) \sin x dx$ $\rightarrow$ ()' の形を作る,

$$= \int (2x-1)(-\cos x)' dx$$

$$= (2x-1)(-\cos x) - \int (2x-1)'(-\cos x) dx$$

$$= -(2x-1)\cos x - \int (-2\cos x) dx$$

$$= -(2x-1)\cos x + 2\sin x + C$$

(2) $\int x e^x dx$

$$= \int x (e^x)' dx$$

$$= x e^x - \int (x)' e^x dx$$

$$= x e^x - \int e^x dx$$

$$= x e^x - e^x + C$$

(3) $\int \log(4x) dx$ $\rightarrow$ (x)' を掛ける.

$$= \int (x)' \log 4x dx$$

$$= x \log 4x - \int x \cdot (\log 4x)' dx$$

$$= x \log 4x - \int x \cdot \frac{1}{4x} \cdot (4x)' dx$$

$$= x \log 4x - \int dx = x \log 4x - x + C$$

(4) $\int \log(4x-1) dx$ $(\log(4x-1))'$

$$= \int \frac{1}{4} (4x-1)' \log(4x-1) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (4x-1) \log(4x-1) - \frac{1}{4} \int (4x-1) \cdot \frac{1}{4x-1} \cdot 4 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (4x-1) \log(4x-1) - \int dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (4x-1) \log(4x-1) - x + C$$

(5) $\int x^3 \log x dx$

$$= \int \left(\frac{1}{4} x^4\right)' \log x dx \quad (\log x)'$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} x^4 \cdot \log x - \int \frac{1}{4} x^4 \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} x^4 \log x - \frac{1}{4} \int x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} x^4 \log x - \frac{1}{16} x^4 + C$$

(6) $\int \frac{3x^2+4}{x^3+4x} dx$ $\leftarrow$ 分数の形はまず log 型を疑え!!

$$= \int \frac{(x^3+4x)'}{x^3+4x} dx$$

$$= \log |x^3+4x| + C$$

$\int \frac{g'(x)}{g(x)} dx = \log |g(x)| + C$

(7) $\int \frac{x+3}{x^2+6x+5} dx$

$$= \int \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{(x^2+6x+5)'}{x^2+6x+5} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log |x^2+6x+5| + C$$

$(x^2+6x+5)' = 2x+6 = 2(x+3)$

(8) $\int \frac{x^2-x}{x+1} dx$ $\leftarrow$ 次数が (分母) $\leq$ (分子) なら割り算

$$= \int (x-2 + \frac{2}{x+1}) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} x^2 - 2x + 2 \log |x+1| + C$$

$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} & 1 & -1 & 0 & \\ \hline & & -1 & 2 & \\ \hline & 1 & -2 & 2 & \end{array}$

頻出

$$\int \frac{1}{x+a} dx = \log |x+a| + C$$

$$\int \frac{1}{ax+b} dx = \frac{1}{a} \log |ax+b| + C$$

今日は裏にも問題があります！

(9) $\int \frac{x+17}{(x+2)(x-3)} dx$ ← 部分分数展開

$$\frac{x+17}{(x+2)(x-3)} = \frac{a}{x+2} + \frac{b}{x-3} \quad \text{と決める}$$

$$= \frac{a(x-3)+b(x+2)}{(x+2)(x-3)} \quad \text{通分}$$

$$= \frac{(a+b)x-3a+2b}{(x+2)(x-3)} \quad \text{Xにのみ整理}$$

$$\begin{cases} a+b=1 \\ -3a+2b=17 \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore a=-3, b=4$$

$$(\text{式}) = \int \left(\frac{-3}{x+2} + \frac{4}{x-3} \right) dx$$

$$= -3 \log|x+2| + 4 \log|x-3| + C$$

(10) $\int \frac{x-1}{x^2-4x} dx = \int \frac{x-1}{x(x-4)} dx$

$$\frac{x-1}{x(x-4)} = \frac{a}{x} + \frac{b}{x-4} \quad \text{と決める}$$

$$= \frac{a(x-4)+bx}{x(x-4)}$$

$$= \frac{(a+b)x-4a}{x(x-4)}$$

$$\begin{cases} a+b=1 \\ -4a=-1 \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore a=\frac{1}{4}, b=\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\therefore (\text{式}) = \int \left(\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{x-4} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \log|x| + \frac{3}{4} \log|x-4| + C$$

(11) $\int \frac{\log x}{x} dx$ ← 置換積分 $t = \log x$ だとok.
($x = e^t$ も使える)

$$= \int (\log x)' \log x dx$$

$$= (\log x) \cdot (\log x) - \int \log x \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$= (\log x)^2 - \int \frac{\log x}{x} dx$$

左辺に移項して...

$$\therefore 2 \int \frac{\log x}{x} dx = (\log x)^2 + C$$

$$\int \frac{\log x}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} (\log x)^2 + C$$

(13) $\int \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} dx$

実は $\log$ 型

$$= \int \frac{(e^x + e^{-x})'}{e^x + e^{-x}} dx$$

$$= \log(e^x + e^{-x}) + C$$

(e^x と e^{-x} も常に正
なので絶対値記号不要)

(12) $\int x^2 \cos x dx$

$$= \int x^2 (\sin x)' dx \quad (x^2)'$$

$$= x^2 \sin x - \int 2x \sin x dx$$

$$= x^2 \sin x - \int 2x \cdot (-\cos x)' dx \quad \text{一度部分積分}$$

$$= x^2 \sin x - (2x \cdot (-\cos x) - \int 2 \cdot (-\cos x) dx)$$

$$= x^2 \sin x + 2x \cos x - 2 \int \cos x dx$$

$$= x^2 \sin x + 2x \cos x - 2 \sin x + C$$

(14) $\int (\log x)^2 dx$

$$= \int (x)' (\log x)^2 dx$$

$$= x (\log x)^2 - \int x \cdot 2 \log x \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$= x (\log x)^2 - 2 \int \log x dx$$

$$= x (\log x)^2 - 2 \int (x)' \log x dx$$

$$= x (\log x)^2 - 2 \left(x \log x - \int x \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx \right)$$

$$= x (\log x)^2 - 2x \log x + 2x + C$$

(14) $x (\log x)^2 - 2x \log x + 2x + C$

(13) $\log(e^x + e^{-x}) + C$

(11) $\frac{1}{2} (\log x)^2 + C$

(10) $\frac{1}{4} \log|x(x-4)^3| + C$

(8) $\frac{1}{2} x^2 - 2x + 2 \log|x+1| + C$

(7) $\frac{1}{2} \log|x^2 + 6x + 5| + C$

(5) $\frac{1}{4} x^4 \log x - \frac{1}{16} x^4 + C$

(4) $\frac{1}{4} (4x-1) \log(4x-1) - x + C$

(6) $\log|x^3 + 4x| + C$

(3) $x \log 4x - x + C$

(2) $x e^x - e^x + C$

(1) $-(2x-1) \cos x + 2 \sin x + C$

(12) $x^2 \sin x + 2x \cos x - 2 \sin x + C$

(9) $\log \frac{|x+2|}{(x-3)^4} + C$